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MONTANA

ECONOMIC INDICATORS

First Quarter 1979

STATE : PILS COLLECTION



RESEARCH AND ANALYSIS SECTION
EMPLOYMENT SECURITY DIVISION
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRIES
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HELENA, MONTANA 59601



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MONTANA FCONOMIC INDICATORS

AN ANALYSIS OF PAST AND PRESENT ECONOMIC TRENDS

STATE OF MONTANA

THOMAS L. JUDGE, GOVERNOR

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY DAVID E. FULLER, COMMISSIONER

EMPLOYMENT SECURITY DIVISION FRED BARRETT, ADMINISTRATOR

RESEARCH AND ANALYSIS SECTION EMPLOYMENT SECURITY DIVISION DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY Box 1728 Helena, Montana 59601

Volume V Number 5

If additional information is desired, contact: Dick Gibson, Supervisor
Research & Analysis Section
Employment Security Division
P. O. Box 1728
Helena, MT 59601
Phone: (406) 449-2430

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Montana Dakota Utilities

Montana Power Company

Pacific Power and Light

Mountain Bell Telephone Company

Business Week

Employment, Hours and Earnings, and Labor Turnover data produced in cooperation with U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and the Employment and Training Administration.

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DEFINITIONS

Seasonal Adjustment- A mathematical procedure in which average seasonal fluctuations are removed from the original data leaving a time series that may be analyzed for underlying trends. Seasonal adjustment will be designated by the terms seasonally adjusted, adjusted, or adj.. All indicators are seasonally adjusted unless noted, in which case the original data is presented and designated by the terms not seasonally adjusted, raw data, unadjusted, or unadj.

<u>Economic Indicators</u>—Statistical time series whose cyclical characteristics are known and fairly stable, particularly in the timing of their cyclical peaks and troughs relative to business cycles turns. Economic Indicators are used for the interpretation of past, current, and anticipation of prospective business conditions.

<u>Business Cycles</u>--Sequences of expansions and contractions of aggregate economic activity such as production, employment, income, and trade are defined as business cycles.

<u>Leading Indicator</u> An economic time series that tends to reverse direction sufficiently in advance of changes in the business cycle.

<u>Coinciding Indicator-</u> An economic time series that parallels changes in the business cycle.

<u>Lagging Indicator</u> An economic time series that reverses direction after that of the business cycle.

<u>Selected Indicator-</u> An economic time series whose timing to business cycles is unknown, but is of interest to Montana's economy.

<u>Index-</u> Any economic time series which indicates change in a factor from a reference year. The reference year is designated as 100 in this publication and may be selected arbitrarily. All indexes in this publication will designate the year selected, such as 1967 = 100; 1972 = 100, etc.

Montana Composit Index- A composite of six indicators of employment and economic activity: Building Permits, Manufacturing Employment: Average Weekly Hours in Manufacturing, Average Weekly Initial Claims, Accession Rate in Manufacturing, and Layoff rate in Manufacturing. A reverse trend has been used for the Layoff Rate and Average Weekly Initial Claims. The components are converted to a series of standardized changes and weights according to their significance and reliability as economic indicators in making the composite; indexed to 1972 = 100.

Real Spendable Earnings- Real spendable average weekly earnings of private nonagricultured production workers represents the earnings of a hypothetical worker after deductions for State Income, Federal Income, and Social Security taxes, and adjustment for change in purchasing power since 1967. This individual is assumed to be the sole support for a family of four, earn the average weekly gross earnings of production workers in Montana's private nonagricultural industries, and take standard tax tables. Purchasing power was adjusted by deflating Spendable Earnings based on the national ALL Items Consumer Price Index.

^

A NOTE ABOUT BENCHMARKING AND SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT CHANGES

Because of new benchmarks and new seasonal adjustment factors, some of the series in this publication have been changed to take into account the latest information available. 1978 benchmarks, which reflect the most recent and complete estimates of employment, account for revisions to indicators dealing with total and industry detailed employment. These benchmark levels are revised annually to adjust for sampling errors and any changes to industrial classifications. In addition, all of those series requiring seasonal adjustment have also been revised to reflect the most recent seasonal adjustment factors. Changes in these seasonal series can be attributed to the inclusion of 1978 data in the BLS seasonal adjustment method.

FIRST QUARTER ANALYSIS: 1979

Montana's economy during the first quarter of 1979 displayed typical movement normally associated with the dissipation of winter conditions. The abnormally severe winter experienced by the state did cause downturns in a few economic areas, but none of these downturns were severe.

Economic indicators most affected by the abnormal winter relate to manufacturing, specifically to the lumber and wood products industry. Heavy snows made timber inaccessible to loggers, thereby reducing lumber available for milling. Temporary workshift cutbacks were experienced by some mills affecting accessions, layoffs, new hires and manufacturing hours.

Although quarterly graphs indicate a downfall in building permits, both total and residential, monthly data revealed an upward movement for the first quarter. March data indicated increased activity, but it was not sufficient to offset the inactivity of January and February during the quarter.

A positive indicator of Montana's economy at this time is the decline of the unemployment rate. Both the number of unemployed and the rate of unemployment show positive movements for the quarter. The seasonally adjusted series of average initial claims and average weekly insured unemployed moved in positive directions when monthly data was analyzed. Because of strong negative movements in January, the positive movements in February and March could not offset the downturn indicated in the quarterly data.

New automobile registrations did not keep pace with last quarter. In comparison to one year ago, first quarter data is only slightly behind in count. The abnormal winter did more to curb new car sales than any other factor.

Overall, it appears that Montana's economy is stable, with those indicators suggesting an upturn. At this time, it is not possible to formulate conclusive statements as to what direction Montana's economy will move in upcoming months. The mixed movement occurring in the indicators does not permit trends to establish which are necessary for economic projection.

The economic activity of the nation does much to affect Montana's economic condition. One such indicator is the Consumer Price Index. The prices that consumers pay for goods and services have increased by 10.2% from March of last year. The index was reported at 209.1 (1987 Base = 100) in March. This translates into higher prices for almost everything. With legislation pending regarding decontrol of the oil industry, consumers are particularly concerned about where the increasing cost of gasoline will stop. Increases in gasoline prices may cause many people to change vacation travel plans. Prices for food will experience moderate increases in upcoming months, but should stabilize in early fall. Tax reductions proposed by both the State Legislature and Congress should offset inflation's erosion of real spendable dollars for most Montanans.

The availability of money for new housing starts in many areas of the country is limited. At this time, as housing starts drop nationally, Montana's lumber and wood products industry can expect cooling off periods. The effects of a tightened monetary policy currently influencing housing markets in some areas nationally may move into Montana this summer, causing declines in new housing starts here. It is too early to tell if the nation will experience housing declines that will cause employment declines in the lumber and wood products industry in Montana. If the tightened monetary policy continues, Montana can experience a reduction in new housing starts as early as midsummer.

Montana's composite index of six leading indicators registered moderated increases for the quarter, moving from 96.7 in January to 98.8 in February, to 99.2 in March, for a quarterly average of 98.2. This corresponds to a 100.3 one year ago. Although the quarterly data suggests a downturn, monthly data suggests just the opposite. The mixed movement of the monthly data does not permit the establishment of a trend for analysis. At best, the composite index is stable at this time and experiencing moderate increases.

Real spendable average weekly earnings is also experiencing mixed movement in its monthly data series. In March of this year, this series is reported at \$89.85, which is comparable to \$90.71 last year. February's figure of \$90.19 is the high for the quarter. Quarterly data reveals a slight increase over the previous quarter and is slightly behind the average of two quarters ago.

LEADING INDICATORS

	Nonagrio Placer	cultural
1976	1977	197

				11000	menca			
	1976		1977		1978		1979	
	Unadj	Adj	<u>Unadj</u>	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj
1 2 3 4	2369 3851 4402 2935	3362 3528 3138 3529	2635 4273 5973 3421	3644 3937 4679 4036	2641 5619 5663 4303	3661 5284 4347 4929	3793	4822



	Permits										
	1976		1976 1977		1978		1979				
1 2 3 4	383 824 807 486	562 657 670 615	510 793 766 546	692 615 626 685	465 1125 817 550	648 941 676 694	368	55,1			

Number of Residential Building

	Permits											
	1976		1977		1978		1979					
1 2	169 236	216 192	233 295	283 247	214 567	265 517	161	212				
3	266	237	285	254	344	312						
4	210	236	268	298	210	241						

New Business Telephones

	1976		1977		1978		1979	
	<u>Unadj</u>	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unajd	Adj
1 2 3 4	187 247 190 91	178 151 208 176	215 320 183 95	211 226 194 180	219 362 275 97	220 257 282 184	126	129

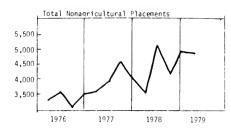
New Corporations

		cor por actions											
	1976		1977		1978		1979						
	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj					
1	134		182		188		179						
2	171		187		194								
3	165		173		172								
4	172		178		196								

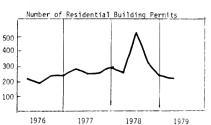
Withdrawals and Dissolutions

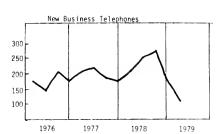
of Corporations

193	76	1977		1978		1979	
Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj
16 27		17 27		23 19		20	
21		32		20			
21		23		23			

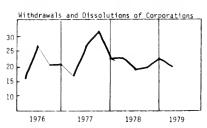












LEADING INDICATORS

MANUFACTURING Ouit Rate

			,	Quit Rate (Per 100			Employees)		
	19	1976 1977		77	1978		1979		
	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	
1 2 3	0.9 1.4 2.4	1.6 1.4 1.4	1.3 1.7 2.6	1.9 1.8 1.6	1.1 1.6 2.8	1.7 1.7 1.9	1.2	1.8	

MANUFACTURING

1.8

1.5

1.9

New Hires Rate (Per 100 Employees)

					-			
	1976		1977		1978		1979	
	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	<u>Unadj</u>	Adj	Unadj	Adj
1 2 3 4	1.4 3.8 3.7 2.5	2.4 3.0 2.9 3.0	2.0 3.5 3.8 2.5	3.1 2.7 3.0 3.0	1.4 3.5 2.8 1.2	2.4 2.7 2.0 1.7	1.6	2.7

MANUFACTURING

(Per 100 Employees)

				Layon	Rate	(rer 10	o Employe	268/
	1976		1977		19	78	1979	
	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	<u>Adj</u>	Unadj	Adj
1 2 3 4	0.5 0.5 0.7 1.3	0.5 0.8 0.9 0.9	1.1 0.6 0.6 1.2	1.1 0.9 0.8 0.8	1.3 0.8 0.4 0.3	1.2 1.1 0.6 -0.2	0.8	0.8

MANUFACTURING

Accessions (Per 100 Employees) Rate

	1976		19	1977		1978		1979	
	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	<u>Adj</u>	Unadj	Adj	
1 2 3 4	1.9 4.5 4.1	2.9 3.4 3.5 3.7	2.8 4.4 4.2	3.8 3.3 3.6	2.4 4.5 3.5	3.3 3.5 2.8	2.3	3.3	

MANUFACTURING Average

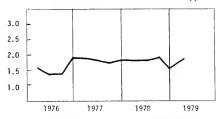
Weekly Hours

	1976		1977		1978		1979	
	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj
2	38.2 39.3 39.6 42.1	38.4 39.4 39.9	41.2 41.3 42.1 42.9	41.3 41.4 42.4 42.3	43.2 43.7 41.6 42.1	43.4 43.8 41.9 41.5	41.2	41.4

Average Weekly Initial Claims (In Thousands)

	1976		1977		1978		1979	
	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj
1 2 3 4	1386 1182 1091 1458	1150 1346 1382 1234	1487 1136 1088	1261 1288 1383	1502 997 764	1279 1144 1059	1598	1374

Manufacturing Quit Rates (Per 100 Emp)



Manufacturing New Hires (Fer 100 Emp)



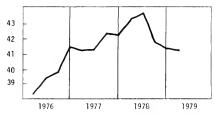
Manufacturing Lay Off Rates (Per 100 Emp)



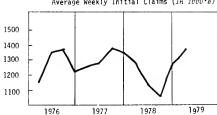
Manufacturing Accession Rate (Per 170 Emp)



Manufacturing Avg. Weekly Hours



Average Weekly Initial Claims (In 1000 %)



COINCIDING INDICATORS

Adj

1979

Unadj

6.3

Unemployment Rate (percent)

1977 1978

Unadj Adj Unadj Adj Unadj Adj 7.8 6.2 6.2 6.4 5.6 5.8 5.0 6.1 5.6 6.4 5.1 5.8 6.3 5.6 5.9 6.0

1976



Unemployment

Tota1

	1976		1977		1978		1979	
	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj
1	23331	19853	25435	21905	26260	22693	22841	19274
2	19002	19300	21356	21708	21271	21676		
3	18373	20400	20377	22354	19931	21857		
4	19294	20463	20833	22042	20538	21780		



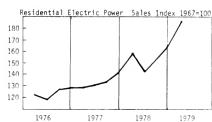
Average Weekly Insured Unemployed

1976 1977 1973 1979 Unadj Adj Unadj Adj Unadj Adj Unadj Adj 13492 9678 13295 9353 14511 10495 14299 10273 9159 9662 8514 9127 8426 9125 8196 10348 7773 9901 6798 8896 8476 9654 9104 10308 7438 8652



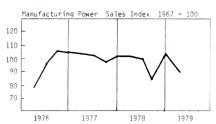
Residential Electric Power Sales Index 1967 = 100

1976 1978 1977 1979 Unadj Unadj Adj Unadj Adj Unadj Adj 120.6 148.4 159.1 128.4 191.5 159.0 223.1 189.7 112.6 119.5 123.1 130.6 134.6 142.6 108.1 127.8 110.7 132.4 117.2 139.9 126.2 128.0 139.1 140.8 161.9 163.4



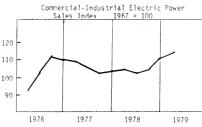
Manufacturing Power Sales Index 1967 = 100

	1976		1977		1978		1979	
	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj
2	92.5 103.0	93.9	99.0 94.3	103.0 100.3 96.1 100.8	97.7 98.3	100.0	90.4	89.7



Commercial-Industrial Electric Power 5ales Index 1967 = 100

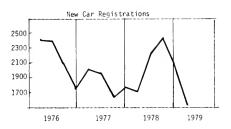
	1976		1977		1978		1979	
	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj
2	100.1 111.0	102.3 110.6	102.5 102.7	104.9 102.2	104.2 99.9 105.6 113.9	102.5 104.9	113.2	113.6



COINCIDING INDICATORS (cont.)

New Car Registrations

	1976		19	1977		1978		1979	
	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	
1 2 3 4	1992 2721 2235 1672	2394 2402 2046 1784	159 8 2355 186 4 1670	2027 1973 1684 1809	1319 2850 2618 2019	1755 2238 2454 2157	1095	1539	



SELECTED INDICATORS

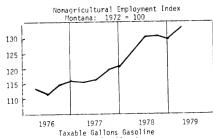
				ploymen' S.: 196				
	1	976	19	77	19	78	19	79
	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj
1 2 3 4		106.4 107.3 108.1 108.6		109.8 111.0 112.1 112.9		114.7 116.1 116.8 117.9		119.3

Nonagricultural



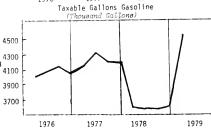
Nonagricultural
Employment Index
Montana: 1972 = 100

	1976		1977		1978		1979	
	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Umadj	Adj	<u>Una</u> dj	Adj
1 2 3 4		113.0 111.4 114.8 115.9		115.4 116.3 119.8 121.2		125.8 130.1 130.5 129.8		133.6



Taxable (Gallons
Gasol1	ine
(Thousand	Gallone)

	1	976	197	7	1978		1979	
	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	<u>Adj</u>	Unadj	Adj
3	32,076 40,964 51,449 38,280	40,835 41,436 40,611	33,565 43,328 52,118 39,562	41,443 43,145 42,012 41,951	28,177 36,149 45,755 33,890	36,109 35,928 35,602 36,313	37,730	45,693



SELECTED INDICATORS (cont.)

1979

Unadj

Unadj

1979

Unadj

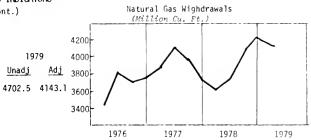
Natural Gas Withdrawals (Million Cu. Ft.)

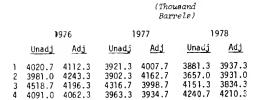
0il Refined

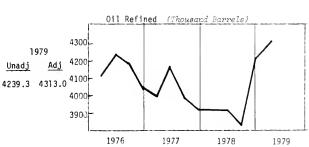
0il Production

19	76	19	77	1978		
Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	
4147.1 3323.8 3200.6	3425.1 3811.7 3717.8	4507.3 3683.9 3521.7	3878.7 4112.9 3986.0	4193.6 3377.7 3640.3	3617.8 3772.5 4083.9	
4066.1	3760.9	4032.0	3753.2	4501.3	4230.9	

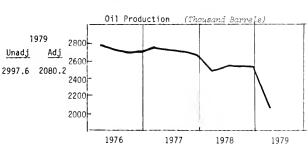
1 2 3





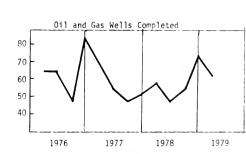


				(Thousand Barrels)					
	1	∍ 76	1	977	1978				
	Unadj	<u>Adj</u>	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj			
1 2 4	2716.2 2730.1 2735.9 2748.0	2776.9 27 3 4.1 2705.0 2708.8	2683.0 2732.6 2771.7 2703.3	2753.8 2737.8 2733.2 2661.9	2409.6 2553.7 2601.0 2578.7	2487.9 2558.3 2558.2 2536.2			



011 and Gas Wells Completed

	1976		1977		193	78	1979	
	<u>Unadj</u>	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj
1 2	64 64		67 55		59 47		62	
3	48 83		48 51		57 75			



Help Wanted Ads

	19:	1976 1977		197	78	1979		
	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj
1 2 3 4	306 431 443 366	347 400 394 402	396 450 464 416	441 417 415 451	436 608 632 559	483 574 584 594	550	597



Montana's nonagricultural wage and salary employment experienced a moderate gain for the first quarter over last quarter when the number of employed increased from 279,700 to 283,000 (seasonally adjusted). Employment gains in the Mining, Contract Construction, Wholesale Trade, Finance Insurance and Real Estate, and Service Industrial sectors experienced employment gains which were the reverse of employment activities recorded in the same quarter one year ago. Retail Trade continues it's steady gains in employment. The slight gains in Manufacturing and Lumber and Wood products industries do not follow last year's activities, where large increases occurred. Transportation and Public Utilities had a slight decline over last quarter which did not follow typical first quarter activities when gains are usually noted. Government employment fell from the previous quarter as was experienced last year. Overall, those sectors experiencing employment gains, with the exception of Manufacturing and Lumber and Wood Products, experienced more dramatic gains in the first quarter of 1979 than in 1978.

The employment growth recorded in most of the industrial sectors in the first quarter, when compared to the same quarter last year, may be more moderate than the graphs indicate. One reason for this is that the past winter was persistent and did not have the normal late winter breaks. Traditional hiring patterns were delayed which caused catch up hiring for summer work shedules at a faster than normal rate. Employment growth occurred in those industrial sectors generally considered derivative, while basic industry employment experienced only slight gains. Employment during this time of year is primarily centered around recalls. This also tends to make the gains softer.

- -

Nonagriculture Wage and Salary (In Thousands)

	1976		1977		1978		1979	
1 2 3		247.0 248.2 252.7	261.2	258.1 260.7 266.2	Unada 262.4 279.1 287.7 281.1	272.0 278.6 279.9	U <u>nadj</u> 273.5	

Manufacturing Employment (In Thousands)

	12/0		19	77	19	70	197	19
	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj
1 2 3 4	22.3 23.0 24.9 24.6	23.2 23.2 23.9 24.6	23.8 24.3 24.5 24.1	24.6 24.5 23.6 24.1	25.0 25.6 27.2 27.0	25.7 25.8 26.3 27.0	26.6	27.4

Lumber and Wood Products (D. Thousands)

	1976		9/6 1977		1978		1979	
	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj
1	8.5	9.0	9.0	9.5	10.1	10.5	10.8	11.2
2	8.8	8.9	9.2	9.3	10.5	10.6		
1	9.7	9.1	9.7	9.1	11.3	10.7		
4	9.6	9.6	9.2	9.3	10.9	11.0		

Mining (No Seasonality Noted) (In Thousands)

	19	76	1977		1978		1979	
1 2 3 4	Unadj 6.0 5.8 6.3 6.3	Adj	Unadj 5.9 6.3 5.7 6.4	Adj	Unadj 6.1 6.8 7.3 7.5	Adj	Unadj 7.4	Adj

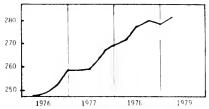
Contract Construction (In Thousands)

	1976		1976 1977			19	78	1979		
2		13.2 13.5 13.7	15.5 18.3	14.7 15.4	Unadj 12.5 16.6 19.3	Adj 15.6 16.5 16.9	Unadj 13.6	Adj 16.7		

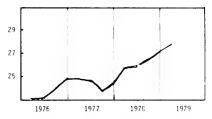
Transportation & Public Utilities (Ir Thousanda)

	1216		17.7		1979		1979	
Unadj	۸dj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	
1 18.7 2 11.1 3 21.2 4 20.1	19.2 19.6	20.7	20.1 20.2 20.2 20.4	20.3 21.2 22.4 22.5	21.9	22.2	21.2	

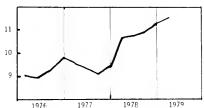
Monagriculture Wage and Salary (Seasonally Adj.1

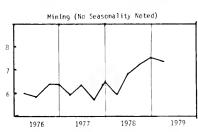


- Manufacturing Employment (Seasonally Adi.)



Lumber & Wood Products Employ. (Seasonally Adj.)

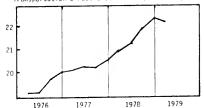




Contract Construction (Seasonally Adj.)



Transportation & Public Utilities (Seasonally Adj.)



			Wholesale and Retail Trade (In Thousandu)						
	197	76	1977		1978		1979		
	Unady	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	
1 2 3 4	58.6 62.9 67.4 65.7	61.7 62.6 64.7 65.6	62.1 65.9 69.3 67.9	65.2 65.6 66.6 67.9	66.1 71.8 74.5 72.7	69.2 71.5 71.8 72.7	70.9	74.0	

Wholesale Trade (In Thousands)

1976		19	77	193	78	1979	
Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Ad.j	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj
14.3 15.0 15.4 15.5	14.6 14.9 15.0 15.4	15.0 15.7 16.3 16.6	15.3 15.6 16.0 16.5	15.6 16.4 16.4 16.3	16.0 16.4 16.2 16.2	16.5	16.9
	Unad J 14.3 15.0 15.4	UnadJ Adj 14.3 14.6 15.0 14.9 15.4 15.0	Unadj Ady Unadj 14.3 14.6 15.0 15.0 14.9 15.7 15.4 15.0 16.3	Unad J Ad J Unad <u>j</u> Ad <u>j</u> 14.3 14.6 15.0 15.3 15.0 14.9 15.7 15.6 15.4 15.0 16.3 16.0	Unadj Adj Unadj Adj Unadj 14.3 14.6 15.0 15.3 15.6 15.0 14.9 15.7 15.6 16.4 15.4 15.0 16.3 16.0 16.4	Unadj Adj Unadj Adj Unadj Adj 14.3 14.6 15.0 15.3 15.6 16.0 15.0 14.9 15.7 15.6 16.4 16.4 15.4 15.0 16.3 16.0 16.4 16.2	Unadj Adj Unadj Adj Unadj Adj Unadj 14.3 14.6 15.0 15.3 15.6 16.0 16.5 15.0 14.9 15.7 15.6 16.4 16.4 15.4 15.0 16.3 16.0 16.4 16.2

Retail Trade (In Thousands)

	1976		1977		1978		1979	
	Unad.i	Adj_	Unad i	Pdj	Unadj	∕dj	Unadj	Adi
1 2 3 4	44.3 47.9 52.U 50.2	47.0 47.6 49.6 50.2	47.1 50.3 53.0 51.3	49.8 50.0 50.5 51.4	50.4 55.4 58.1 56.5	53.1 55.1 55.6 56.6	54.4	57.1

Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate (In Thousande)

	1976		1977		1978		1979	
	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj
1 2 3 4		10.6 10.6 11.0 11.0	10.9 11.1 11.7 12.0	11.1 11.2 11.5 11.9	11.6 12.0 12.3 12.5	11.8 12.0 12.1 12.4	12.5	12.7

Services (In Thousands)

	1976		1977		19	1978		1979	
	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	
1	45.8	47.2	46.6	48.0	49.3	50.8	52.0	53.4	
2	47.3	47.3	48.6	48.7	52.0	52.1			
3	50.2	48.4	51.2	49.4	54.5	52.7			
4	48.0	48.3	50.5	50.8	52.2	52.4			

Government (In Thousands)

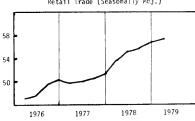
	1976		19	1977		1978		1979	
	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	Unadj	Adj	
1 2 3 4	65.5 66.5 64.2 66.4	65.7 65.6 65.2 66.1	68.1 69.4 72.6 72.3	68.3 68.5 73.5 72.0	71.5 73.3 70.2 69.8	71.8 72.4 71.1 69.5	68.8	69.1	

Wholesale & Petail Trade (Seasonally Adj.) 72 68 64 1978 1979 1976 1977

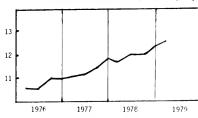
Wholesale Trade (Seasonally Adj.)



Retail Trade (Seasonally Adj.)



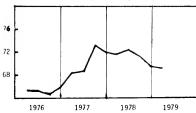
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate (Seasonally Adj.)



Services (Seasonally Adj.)



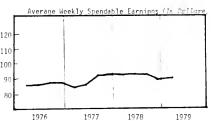
Government (Seasonally Adj.)



			Gross W	leek1y Ea	rnings		_	Gr	oss Weekly E	arnings (In	Entlars!
	197	5	1977		1978	1979	230 -				
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj. Unadj.	Adj. 220 -				
1 2 3 4	162.32 168.41 177.09 177.56	165.07 169.63 174.22 176.33	172.91 182.93 197.88 202.92	175.65 184.23 195.14 201.55		205.09 215.42 212.29 214.82 212.64	218.10 210 - 190 - 180 - 170 -				
							-	1976	1977	1978	1979

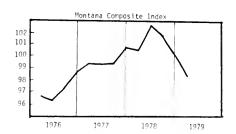
Average	Weekly	Spendable	Earnings
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	197	76	19	77	1978		1979		1:
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adi.	Unadj.	Adj.	1
2 3	83.41 85.15 87.46 86.68	84.74 85.42 86.20 86.33	86.65 92.12		90.88 91.88 92.27 89.20	92.02 92.24 91.18 88.78	88.55	89.66	10



Montana Composite Index

	197	76	1977	7	1978	1979	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj. Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
1 2 3 4	96.5 96.3 97.1 98.8		99.3 99.2 99.2 100.8		100.3 102.9 101.7 100.2	98.2	
19	22 = 100						



Marginal Employ. Adjust. Index

	1976		1977		1978		1979	
	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.	Unadj.	Adj.
1 2 3 4	97.5 96.6 96.6 98.0		97.8 97.5 98.1 98.1		98.4 99.3 98.5 95.2		92.3	
1.	972 = 100							



EMPLOYMENT SECURITY DIVISION DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY P. O. Box 1728 Helena, Montana 59601

POSTAGE AND FEES PAID EMPLOYMENT SECURITY MAIL LAD 449

OFFICIAL BUSINESS



The Montana State Employment Security Division maintains 24 local Job Service Offices in the principal cities of Montana. You are invited to call on any of these offices for assistance in filling positions in your organization, additional labor market information, and for other services in connection with your employment problems.